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6 August 1959

Copy No. C

# CENTRAL

# INTELLIGENCE

## BULLETIN



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25X1	Approved For Rel <u>ease 2002/09/04 : CIA-RDP79T009</u> 75A004600320001-5		
	CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN		
	6 August 1959		
25X1	DAILY BRIEF		
	]		
	I. THE COMMUNIST BLOC		
	USSR: Khrushchev's conciliatory remarks in his press conference on 5 August were designed to establish a favor-		
	able atmosphere for his forthcoming visit to the United States.  His stress on the prospects for creating a "climate of confi-		
12	dence and mutual understanding" between the two countries probably was intended as a response to President Eisenhower's		
613	statement on 3 August announcing the exchange of visits. The Soviet premier underscored the "immense importance" of the		
	state of Soviet-American relations for maintaining peace and contended there are no territorial disputes or "insoluble con-		
	tradictions" standing in the way of improved relations. The		
	announcement of the visits has been accompanied by a sharp drop in Soviet press articles critical of American living stand-		
25X1	ards and the Sokolniki exhibition.		
.10	Watch Committee conclusionBerlin: The Berlin crisis has eased pending the exchange of top-level visits. The Soviet		
25X1 \	capability to exert pressure in Berlin against the West remains.		
25X1	II. ASIA-AFRICA	25X1	
	Laos: Optimistic communiques by the government in the past two days are an attempt to counter rising public concern		
	over Communist military activity.  Communist Pathet Lao subversive activities have	 25X1	
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	of guerrilla units and the replacem  (Meanwhile,	in all provinces. These inclus, intimidation, antigovernmented to village chiefs in some UN Secretary General Hammahru to send Indian Commonw	ent propaganda, area <u>s</u> ] arskjold is said	25X1
	Desai to Vientian	le to persuade the Laotian Go the reconvening of the Intern	overnment to end	25X1
<i>(</i> 00	Communist guera purpose the reac sion, disruption reduce Communi subversive capab available, it is no these operations	rilla attacks appears to have tivation of the International (of Laotian Government progrest influence, and the expansibilities. In view of the limite of possible at this time to de are the beginning of a majorne ultimate objective of taking	as its initial Control Commiscams designed to on of Communist ed information termine whether Communist ef-	25X1
	UAR-Israel;	; /Ali Sabri, President Nasir	's top aide, has	
No	told the American charge in Cairo that the Israeli-chartered freighter Inge Toft, which the UAR authorities have been holding since it attempted to transit the Suez Canal last May, is free to return with its cargo to the Mediterranean at any time. While the release of the ship and cargo should shelve			25X1
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. 25X1	Approved For Rele	ease 2002/09/04 : CIA-RDP79T0097	75A004600320001-5	
	and the UN, it was plaint that their and East Africa and	plomatic issue embroiling th ill do nothing to counter the l attempts to use the canal to d Asia are at the mercy of Nas Minister Meir said on 3 Augu	sraelis' com- develop trade with ir's political whims.	25X1
	to succeed on the using the Gulf of	Suez issue, he might seek to Aqaba. She added that in the collow in a matter of "minutes	to block Israel from is event Israel's	25X1
	Teaction would be	NEW IN A MARCON OF MINACOS	·· }	25X1
EV6	ceptible of direct would jeopardize	nittee conclusion—Middle Ea t exploitation by Sino—Soviet US interests exist in the Mi Iran. The initiation of signi	bloc action which ddle East, particu-	2.5
5X6		rea in the immediate future.		<u></u>
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		III. THE WEST		
oΚ	Nicaragua: A foray into Nicaragua by a small rebel group from Costa Rica on 3 August and the apparently successful infiltration of another small rebel band from across the Honduran border may be used by Somoza's critics at the inter-American foreign ministers' meeting opening on 12 August in Chile to			
	6 Aug 59	DAILY BRIEF	iii	
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#### II. ASIA-AFRICA

### Laos

The Laotian Government, in an effort to quell rising public alarm over fighting in the northern provinces, has issued optimistic communiques in the past two days. While admitting a "strategic withdrawal" of national forces from "all" posts in Phong Saly Province and from "certain" posts in Sam Neua Province, the government claims that troop reinforcements in the latter area have successfully curbed the enemy advance. One communique also claims the reoccupation of several posts in Phong Saly Province. Both parachute battalions, comprising the bulk of the government's reserve forces, have now been committed in the Sam Neua area along with a few infantry companies.

a steady increase in subversive activity by Communist Pathet Lao elements throughout the country over the past several weeks. Resistance units formed by demobilized Pathet Lao troops who have taken to the bush in recent months are especially active in antigovernment propaganda and intimidation among the rural population. In some areas pro-Communist village chiefs have been installed.

The poorly trained and understrength Laotian Army of some 22,500 would be unable to cope with widespread insurgency. Additional troop movements to the fighting area in the north are already impossible without leaving vital areas uncovered in the other ten provinces. The Laotian Army, under the circumstances, is recalling chiefs of its own former anti-Communist guerrilla units to assist in organizing guerrilla forces to operate in the north.

The Laotian Government on 4 August requested United Nations Secretary General Hammarskjold to inform member nations of the UN of the "serious situation in Laos caused by thinly veiled intervention from North Vietnam."

Hammarskjold has urged Premier Nehru to send Indian Commonwealth Secretary Desai to Vientiane to persuade the Laotian Government to end its objections to reconvening the International Control Commission.

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#### III. THE WEST

### New Rebel Incursions Into Nicaragua

The government of President Luis Somoza is the target of two new rebel incursions. One small group crossed from Costa Rica on 3 August but apparently retreated after encountering resistance from a Nicaraguan National Guard patrol. Another small band, estimated at 30, appears to have infiltrated from Honduras and to be awaiting the support of disaffected elements inside Nicaragua. The rebel moves are likely to be used by Cuban and Venezuelan representatives at the inter-American foreign ministers' meeting opening in Chile on 12 August to justify the contention that a popular revolt is under way in Nicaragua and that therefore any action in defense of the government would be unwarranted intervention in Nicaraguan affairs.

The new incursions coincide with unprecedented public agitation in Nicaragua over the killing of five students during a provocative student demonstration on 23 July in the university city of Leon. Spontaneous protest demonstrations have taken place in various Nicaraguan cities almost every day since then, and on 2 August another student was fatally wounded by the national guard. There is no outward sign that the small but militant opposition factions are as yet guiding the demonstrations, but they are probably considering such action. The student problem is potentially explosive and could supply the specific complaint against the regime needed to rally popular feeling against it. At present, however, the government does not appear to be seriously threatened.

The rebel groups now operating at the Costa Rican border, which may number about 80, appear to be the remnants of the band dispersed by Costa Rican authorities in late June. At that time it was apparent that the rebels, who included Costa Ricans and other foreigners as well as Nicaraguans, had been supplied with weapons from Cuba. Costa Rican President Echandi probably will again make every effort, within his limited resources,

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to disperse the rebels and thus enforce Costa Rica's po	ucy
of neutrality in the Nicaraguan affair. If he is not succ	cess-
ful, Nicaraguan units may cross into Costa Rica to eng	age
the rebels. Such action would be taken only as a last r	esort
however, since both Echandi and Somoza wish to avoid	seri-
ous border incidents.	
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### Finnish Communists Intensifying Attacks on Planned Association With Little Free-Trade Area

Following the recent article in Pravda denouncing Finnish plans for association with the little free-trade area, Finnish Communist party (FCP) officials, as well as the party press, have taken this cue to launch an attack aimed at discouraging the government from proceeding with these plans. The FCP chairman has accused the government, and by implication President Kekkonen, of being involved in a conspiracy aimed at securing membership in an association which would be dominated by the Western powers.

Finnish Government officials, meanwhile, continue to seek to assure the Soviet Union that Finland is interested only in protecting its own markets and that it fully intends to maintain its present level of trade with the USSR. Foreign Minister Torngren in a speech on 25 July explained that the form of possible cooperation is still an open question, and that the decision will be based on the understanding that the group must be "absolutely nonpolitical and independent of external organs."

There is no evidence thus far that Soviet officials have sought to bring pressure on the Finns in order to prevent further moves toward association with the little free-trade area. Since the group's next ministerial meeting is not likely to be held until late autumn, Moscow may consider local Finnish Communist agitation sufficient for the present to discourage Finland's weak Agrarian government from committing the country too deeply.

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